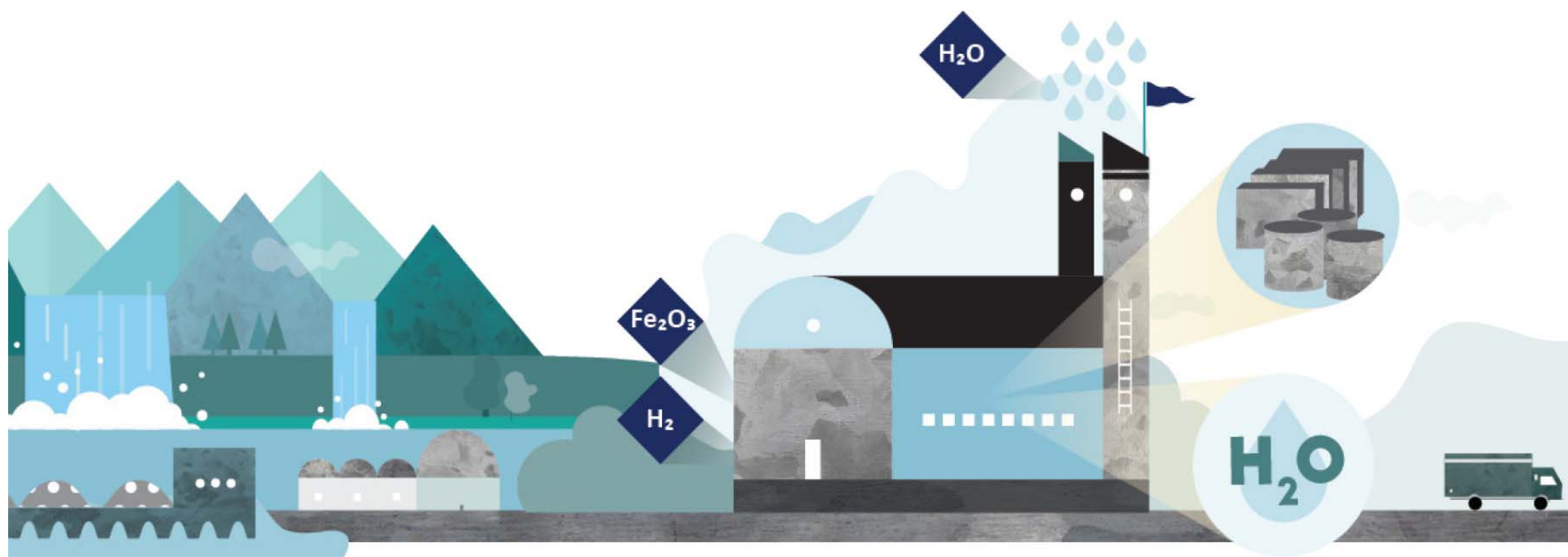


# HYBRIT –Towards fossil free steel



# The world needs sustainable solutions

- ▶ Growing population, from 7 today to 9 billion year 2050
- ▶ Urbanization continues
- ▶ Need of new infrastructure
- ▶ Lack of resources
- ▶ Climate change and 2-degree C target



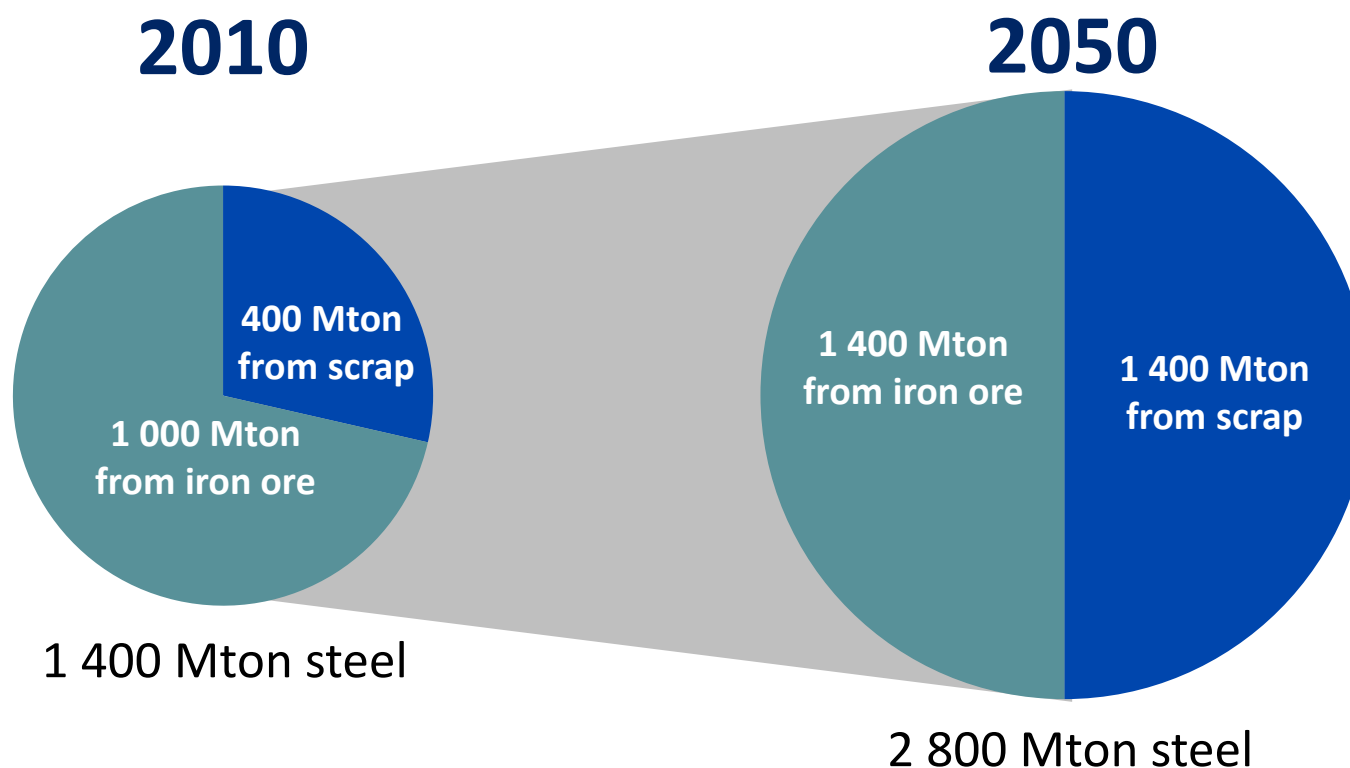
# Steel – an important part of the solution

- ▶ Critical for society and new infrastructure
- ▶ Unique material and available everywhere
- ▶ 100% recyclable, again and again
- ▶ Global steel consumption per capita increased from 140 kg 2000 to 220 kg 2015



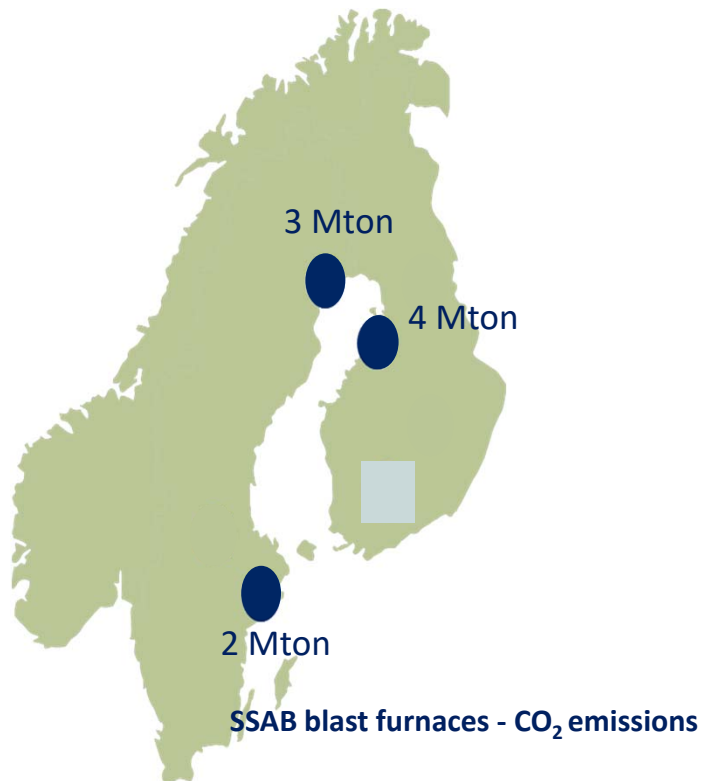
# Increased demand for steel

In year 2050, approximately 50% of the global steel demand needs to be made from iron ore



Source: Jernkontoret

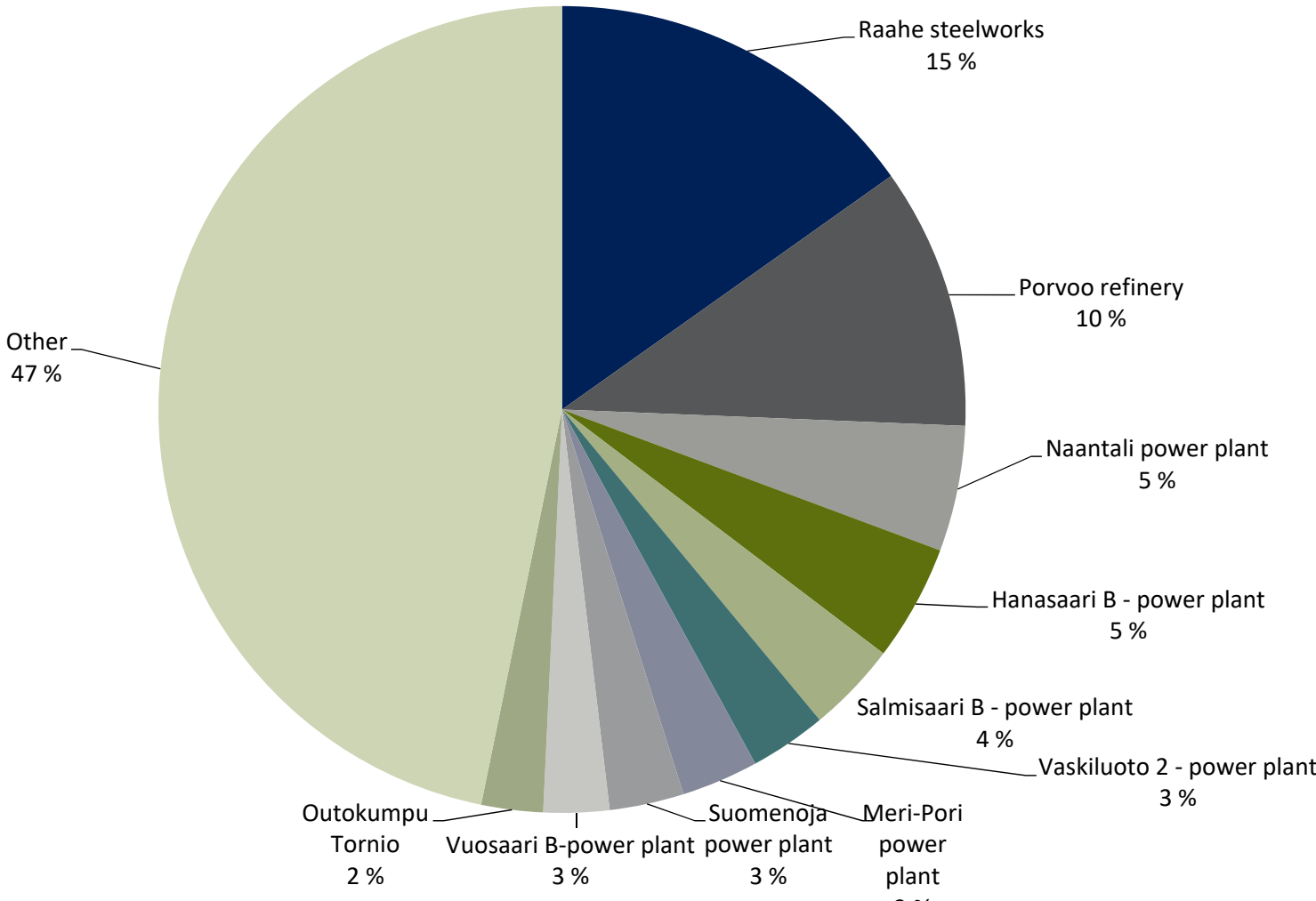
# Long-term initiative for fossil-free steel (HYBRIT)



## Background

- ▶ In year 2050, approximately 50% of the global steel demand needs to be made from iron ore
- ▶ SSAB's blast furnaces close to theoretical minimum of CO<sub>2</sub>-emission with today's technology
- ▶ Still SSAB stands for 10% of Sweden's and 7% of Finland's total emission and ca 30% of ETS system in Sweden and 15% in Finland

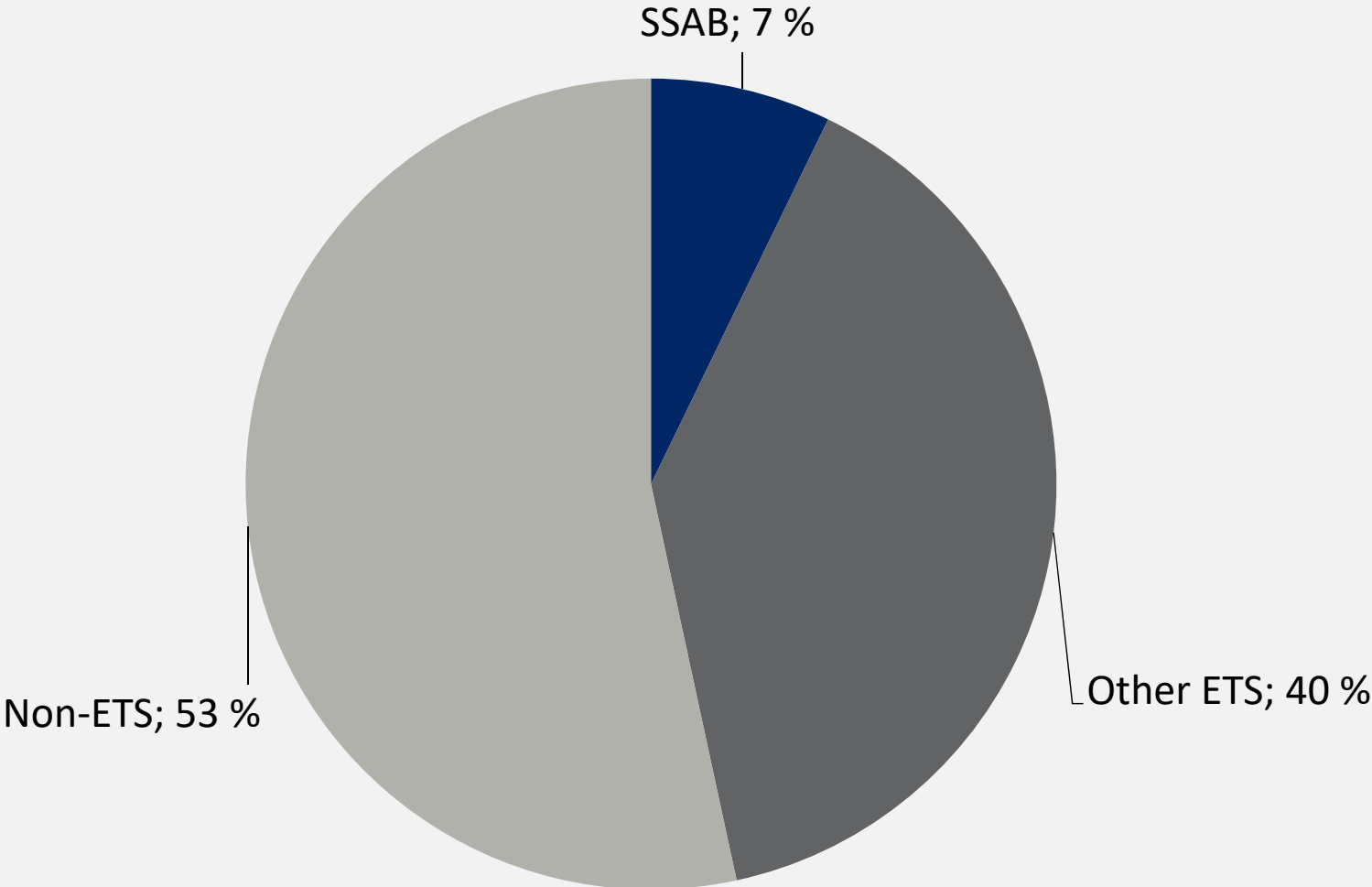
# Raahe's share of the ETS sector's GHG emissions in Finland



Total 27,2 Mt



# SSAB's share of the total GHG emissions in Finland



# HYBRIT-Towards fossil-free steel

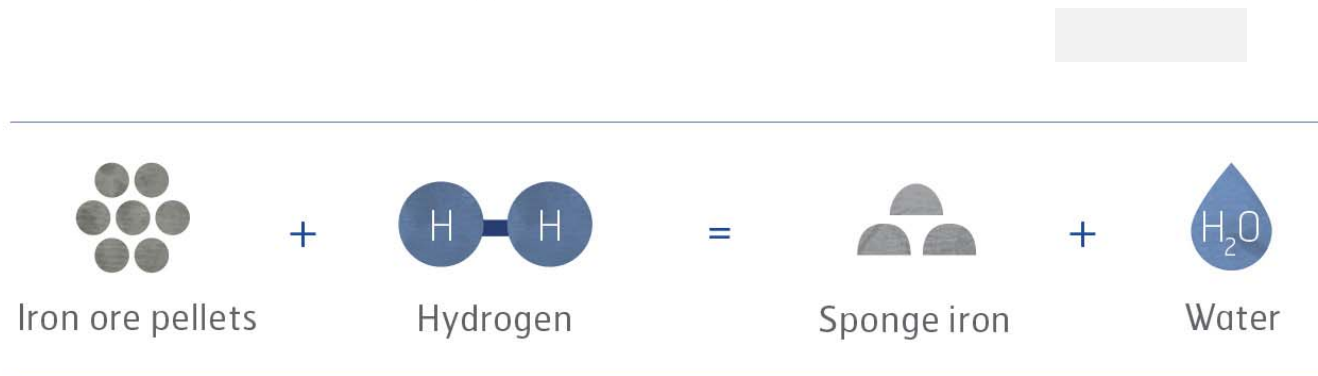
- ▶ HYBRIT-towards fossil-free steel is a joint venture between SSAB, LKAB and Vattenfall.
- ▶ By using hydrogen instead of coke and coal in the steel making the ambition is to create a process that emits water – instead of carbon dioxide.
- ▶ The initiative was announced in the spring of 2016 and the joint venture was formed one year later. The research will go on until 2035.
- ▶ If successful, HYBRIT, would mean a major contribution to a fossil-free society.



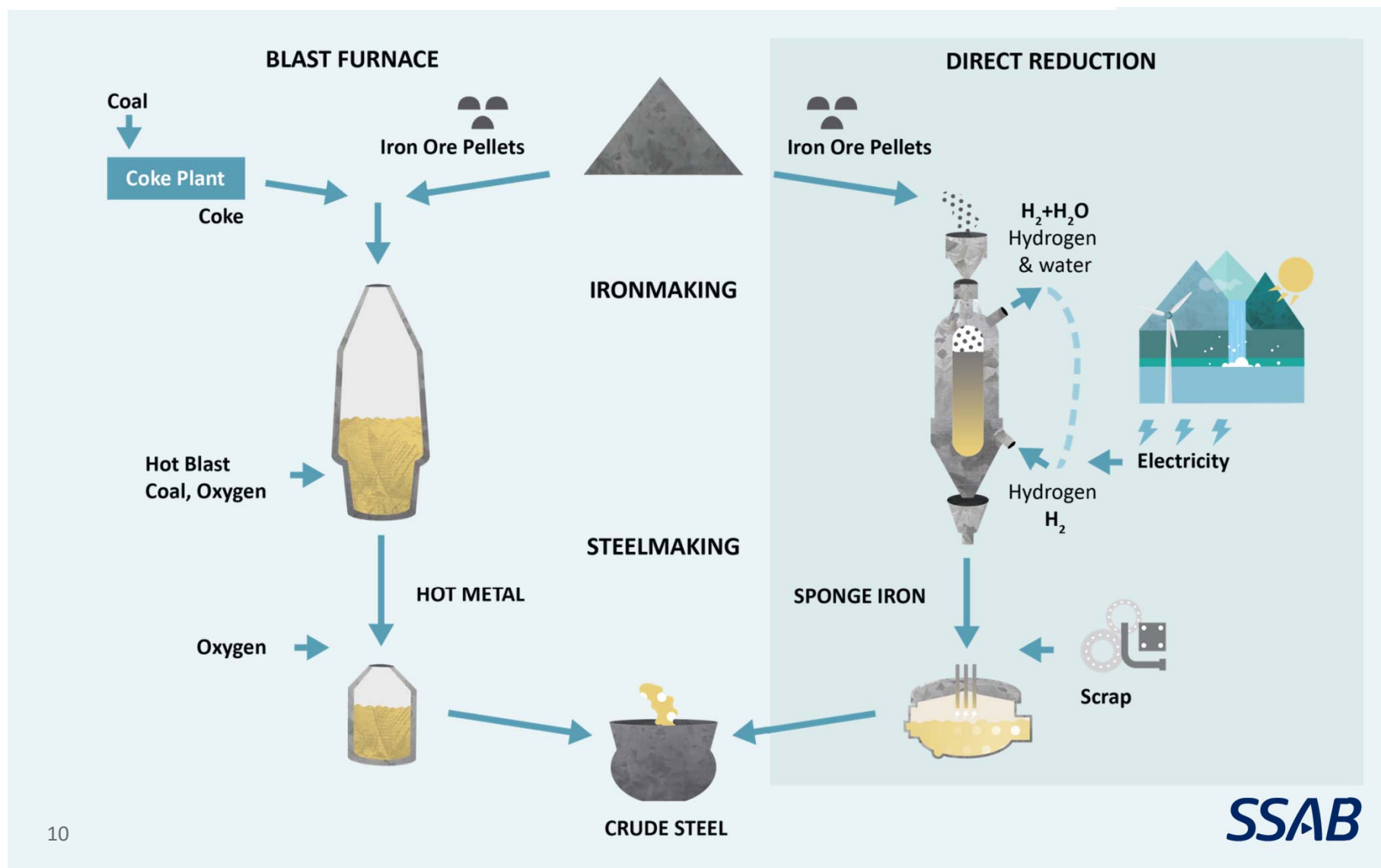


# Long-term initiative for fossil-free steel (HYBRIT)

- ▶ Today coal and coke are used to produce iron. This creates carbon dioxide as a by-product.
- ▶ HYBRIT aims at using hydrogen instead. The by-product will then be water.
- ▶ Main challenges:
  - to develop an effective process to use 100% hydrogen on an industrial scale.
  - to produce hydrogen in an energy-efficient way so that it is economically justifiable.

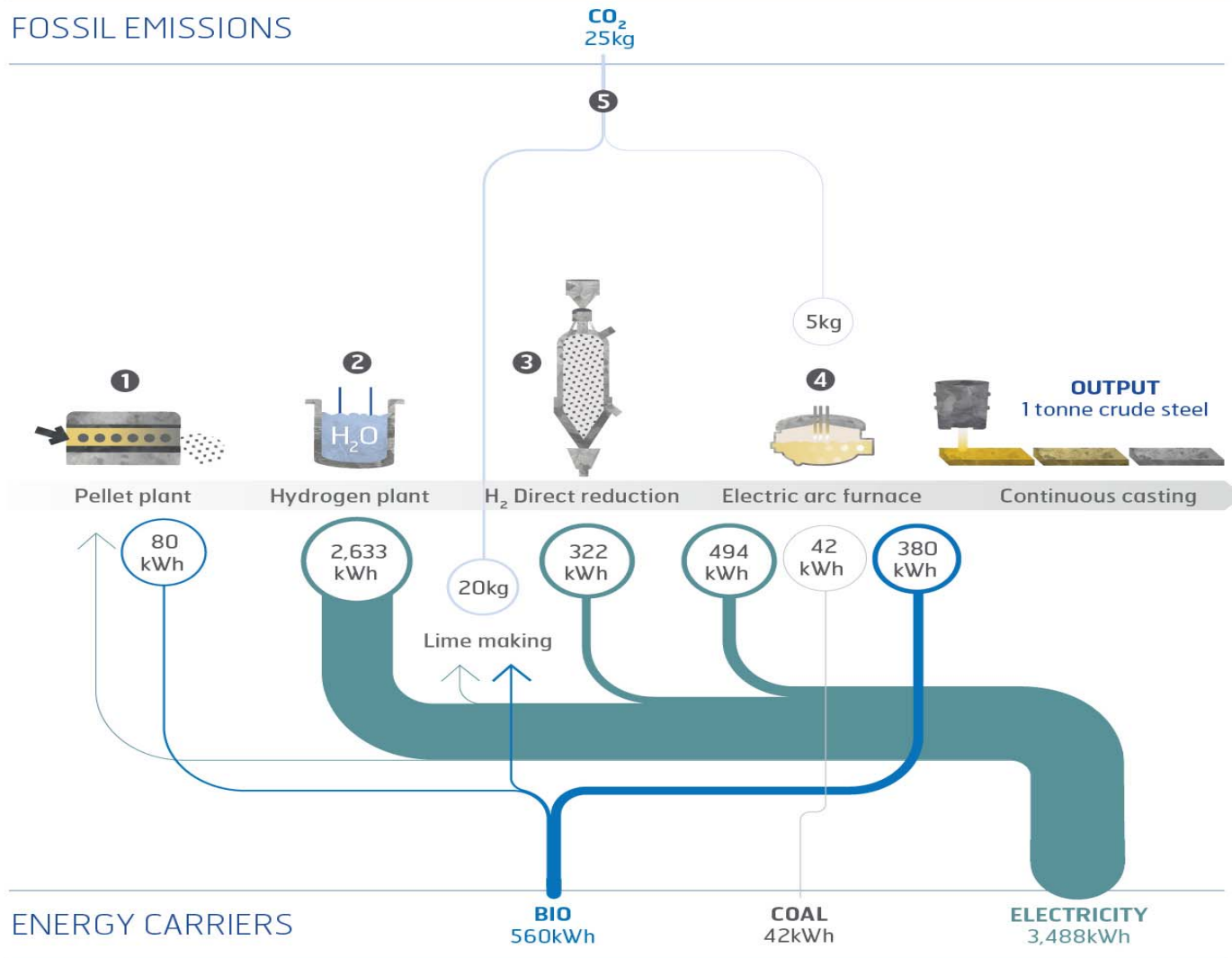


# Fossil-free steel



# HYBRIT

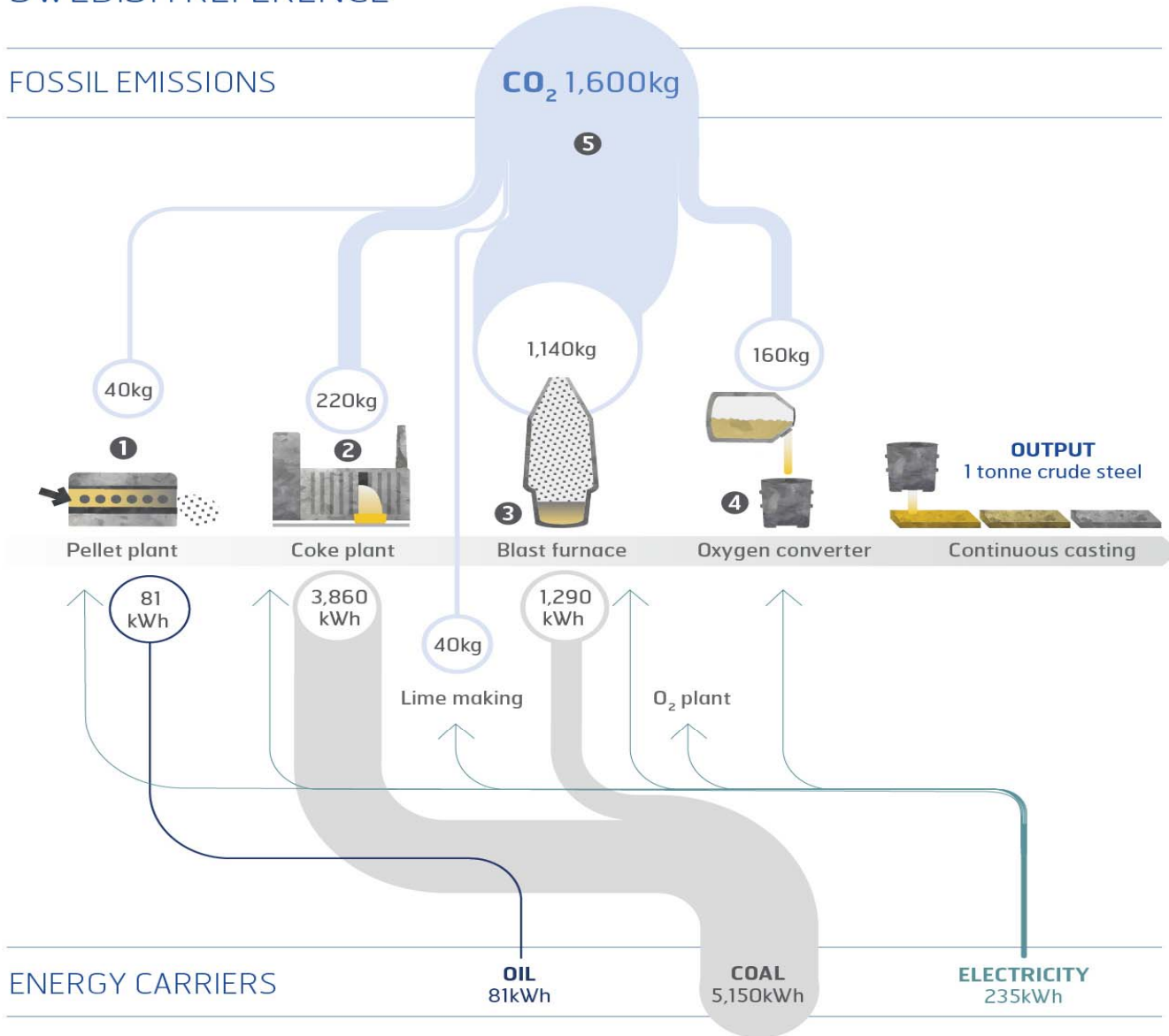
## FOSSIL EMISSIONS



All numbers per tonne of crude steel.

# SWEDISH REFERENCE

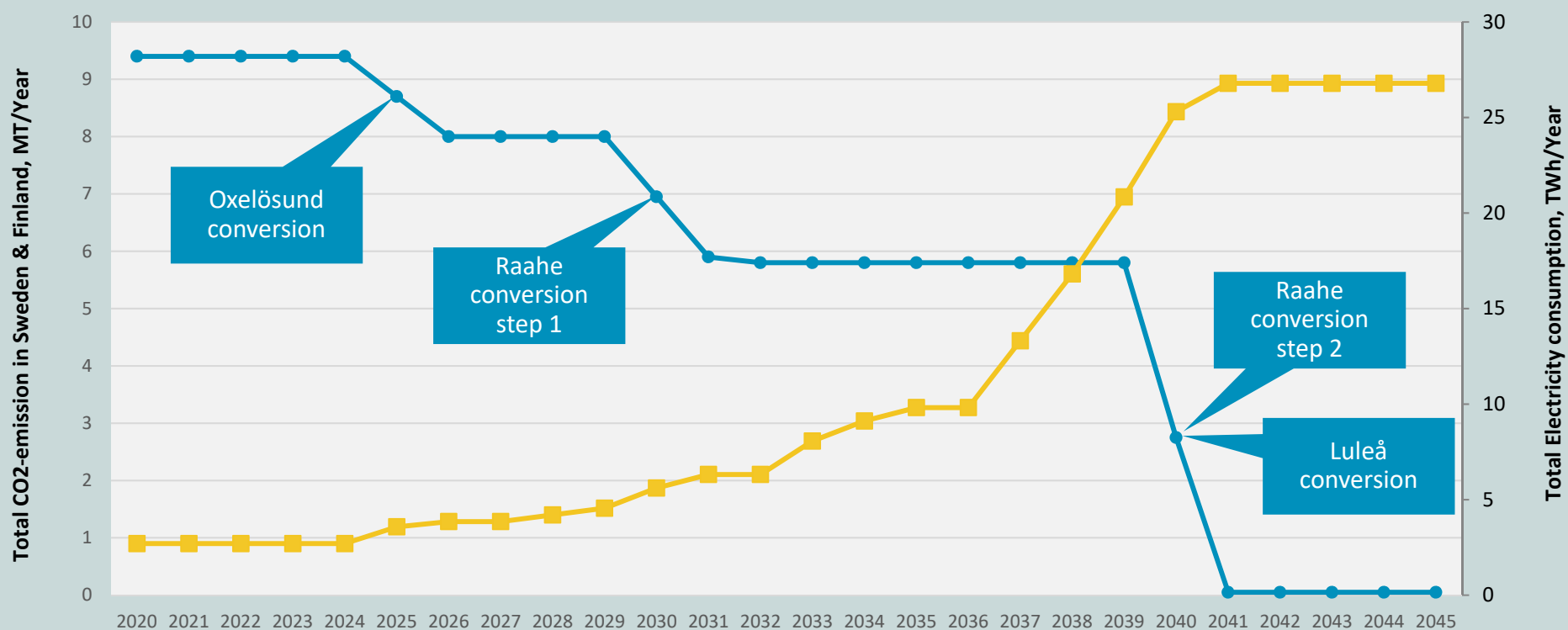
## FOSSIL EMISSIONS



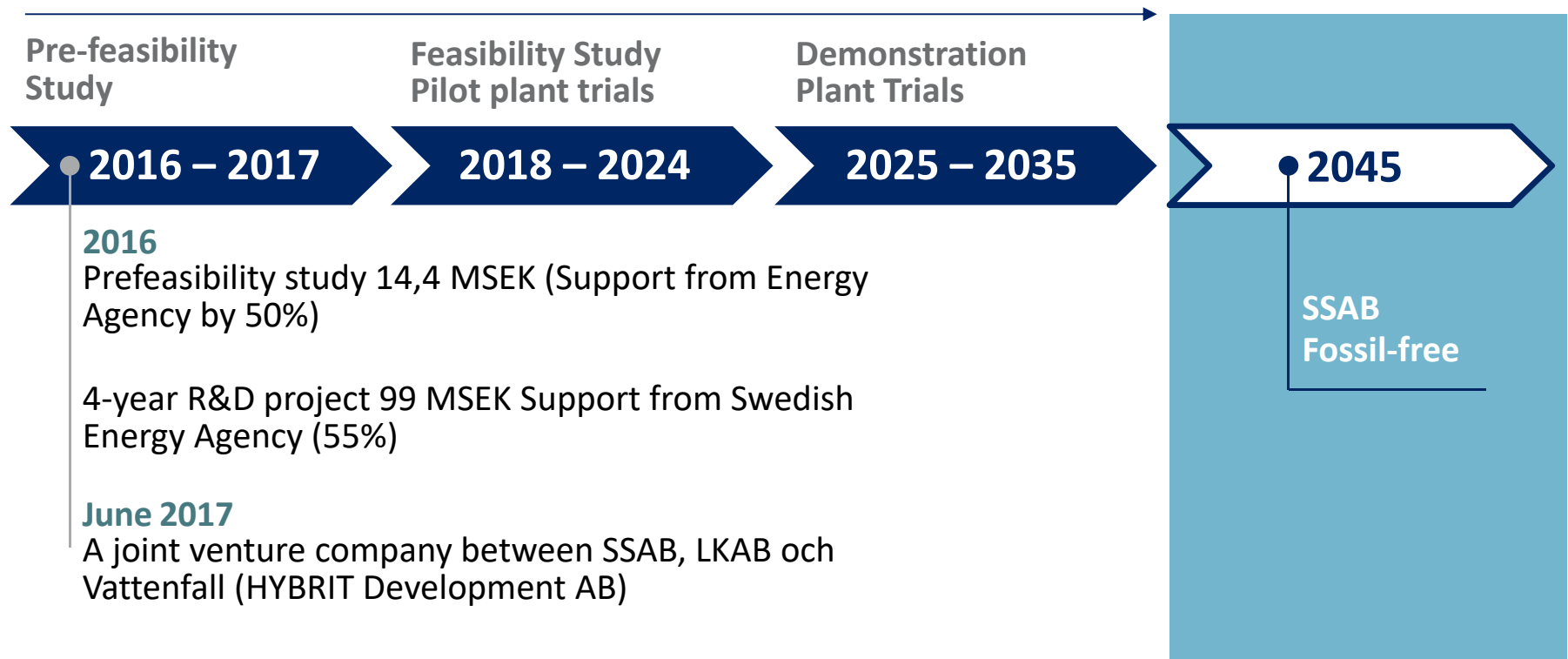
Principal system description. Numbers do not reflect a specific production site or time period. All numbers per tonne of crude steel.

# SSAB roadmap to reduce CO<sub>2</sub>

Fossil-free electricity replaces coal & coke



# Timeline for HYBRIT



A joint venture between SSAB, LKAB and Vattenfall

PUBLIC

# A unique opportunity

- ▶ A unique opportunity for HYBRIT:
  - ▶ Modern mining and steel industry
  - ▶ Good availability of CO2 emission free electricity
  - ▶ Outstanding research and development capabilities
- ▶ This project will help us to take important steps to reduce the CO2 emissions and make the necessary changes towards a more sustainable society.
- ▶ One of the initiatives that truly tries to move away from the root cause of the CO2-emissions from the steel making process

# HYBRIT

 **FOSSIL-FREE STEEL**

**A joint venture between SSAB, LKAB and Vattenfall**